

WASH IN HEALTH FACILITIES IN EMERGENCIES RAPID ASSESSMENT FORM

Assessor(s):	Contact Details:	
	Date of Assessment :	///
SECTION I: HEALTH FACILITY GENERAL INFORMATION		
Health Facility Name and location (District, Town, V	Village etc.):	Number of Staff: Number of Inpatients:
 GPS Long:°' GPS Lat		Number of Beds:
□ Hospital □ Clinic □ Health Post □ Temp. Clin	ic 🛛 Cholera Treatment Cente	er Occupancy Rate:%
Cholera Treatment Unit D Therapeutic Feeding	-	Outpatients / Day:
Contact person at the facility:		Phone Number:
SECTION II: WATER QUANTITY Tick the sanitary	risks encountered (one point for ea	ach): Risk Score / 3
 Insufficient water quantity¹ for all the daily need Daily interruptions in water supply at the health Insufficient water storage (less than 24 hours b) 	n facility.	omments:
SECTION III: WATER QUALITY Tick the sanitary	risks encountered (one point for eac	ch): Risk Score / 3
 Water is from an unimproved source² or so (latrines, waste, animals etc.) within 10m / 33ft Water is unchlorinated, insufficiently chlorinatiaste in the water at the tap) or is turbid (cloudy) Broken water pipes, or uncovered or unsanitaria 	ted (no chlorine smell or y).	omments:
SECTION IV: WATER POINTS Calculate functional	al water point coverage and risk sco	re Risk Score / 3
 (A) Estimate the maximum number of people³ at t (B) Count the number of functioning⁴ water points 	the health facility Co	omments:
(C) Calculate # people per functioning water point	(divide A by B)	
Risk score 0 points 1 po name score 50 50		
people per functional water point <50 50-1	00 100-150 >200	
SECTION V: EXCRETA DISPOSAL Calculate fun	ctional toilet coverage and risk scor	re Risk Score / 4
 (A) Estimate the maximum number of people³ at (B) Count the number of clean and functional⁵ toil (C) Calculate # people per clean functional toilet (the health facility ets (divide A by B) ht 2 points 3 points	omments:
people per clean functional toilet <25 25-50 □ Evidence of open defecation. (1 point)	0 50-100 >100	

³ Maximum number of people is defined as an estimate of the current total number of staff, outpatients, inpatients plus inpatient carers.

¹ Sufficient water quantity defined as at least 5 liters/consultation/day for outpatients, 40 liters/patient/day for inpatients, 60 liters per/patient/day for CTCs, 30 liters/patient/day for therapeutic feeding centers, 100 liters/patient/day for respiration disease isolation centers, 300 liters/patient/day for viral hemorrhagic fever isolation, 100 liters/intervention for operating theatres. See guidance notes. ² Unimproved drinking water sources include unprotected wells, unprotected springs, rivers, ponds, streams, and open canals.

⁴ A functional water point is defined as one that is in good working order supplying treated water for drinking, handwashing, cleaning or other uses with adequate flow rate (enough to fill a 20l bucket in under one minute).

⁵ A functional toilet is defined as one that is clean, in working order, of a type and location acceptable to users, and that safely separates excreta from users, groundwater and the environment. Toilets that are full, dirty, broken, or inaccessible should not be counted.

SECTION VI: DRAINAGE Tick the sanitary risks encountered (score one point for each)	Risk Score/ 3	
Pools of standing water observed at water points.	Comments:	
□ Potentially infectious wastewater from bathing, cleaning, or laundering activities visible in the health facility environment.		
□ Stormwater drains or canals blocked, non-existent, or non-functional.		
SECTION VII: WASTE MANAGEMENT Tick sanitary risks encountered (one point ea	ach): Risk Score/ 3	
\Box Insufficient ⁶ , inadequate ⁷ or overflowing waste disposal containers.	Comments:	
□ No source separation of wastes (e.g. infectious, non-infectious, sharps).		
Medical wastes (needles, dressings etc.) observed in health facility grounds or public spaces <u>or</u> medical waste disposal area unfenced?		
SECTION VIII: DISEASE VECTOR CONTROL Tick sanitary risks (one point for each	n): Risk Score/ 3	
Lack of impregnated bed nets, indoor residual spraying, or damaged mosquito window screens in malarial risk areas.	Comments:	
□ Kitchen stores or prepared food unprotected from flies, other insects or rats.		
□ Breeding sites (stagnant pools, food waste etc.) identified in / around facility.		
SECTION IX: INFECTION CONTROL Tick sanitary risks encountered (one point for e	ach): Risk Score / 4	
□ Inadequate ⁸ disinfection of beds, floors, walls, equipment, surfaces, <u>or</u> inadequate ⁹ disposal of faeces and vomit from infectious patients.	Comments:	
□ Lack of disinfection of hands (with soap or 0.05% chlorine solution) and feet		
(spraying or footbaths with 0.2% chlorine) at entry / exit of infectious wards.		
 Lack of cleaning equipment (buckets, mops etc.) or disinfectant solutions. Lack of personal protection equipment (gloves, overalls, masks etc) for staff. 		
SECTION X: HANDWASHING Tick sanitary risks encountered (score one point for eac	h): Risk Score / 4	
□ Absence of functional ¹⁰ handwashing points in any location where healthcare is delivered (wards, consulting rooms, delivery rooms, operating theatres, etc.) <u>or</u> service areas (kitchen, laundry, toilets, waste zone, mortuary etc.)	Comments:	
Patients and carers not informed of essential hygiene behaviours necessary for limiting disease transmission within 30 minutes of arrival.		
Absence of soap at any handwashing locations.		
□ Absence of posters reminding users of correct handwashing procedures.		
Use the space below or additional pages to capture any additional notes, comments, recommendations, actions, or drawings.	Total Risk Score / 30 (add individual risk scores together)	
Any Additional Comments:		
Condition completed form to		
Send the completed form to: email address as soon as it is completed.		

I

⁶ Sufficient medical waste containers defined as at least 1 container <5m of where waste is generated or 1 container per 20 inpatients. ⁷ Adequate medical waste containers defined as containers which protect staff and patients from the waste (typically yellow puncture proof boxes for sharps, and color coded and lined 15-40 liter containers with lids for infectious, non infectious and hazardous waste) Adequate disinfection defined as at least daily cleaning of floors with detergent and disinfection of surfaces with 0.2% chlorine solution. ⁹ Adequate disposal defined as disposal into a structure that separates the contents from users, groundwater and environment. ¹⁰ Functional handwashing station points as one with continuous supply of water, soap, and safe disposal of gray water.